



API. Integration Instructions

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Terms and Abbreviations

Authentication is a process of verifying a user's identity, i.e. verifying whether or not a user is the person that this user claims to be.

OTP (One-Time Password) is a password that is valid for only one authentication session.

Token is a physical or virtual device for generating one-time passwords.

Resource is an object that needs to be protected via two-factor authentication.

General Information

The Protectimus team provides a set of tools that will help you to easily perform integration with any resource or project. The software developer kits (SDK) for such popular programming languages as Java, Ruby, Python, .Net, and PHP¹ will save you time and effort during integration with our solution, and we recommend that you should use these SDK's. If you have any specific requirements, you can directly use our API described in this document.

Our API's design is based on the REST principles. Data is transmitted in the XML format or the JSON format. Parameter values are identical in these formats. By default, responses are transmitted in the XML format.

Preliminary Steps

When you use the Protectimus **service**, the API needs to be activated. To activate the API, you need to activate the service plan selected in our system (<https://service.protectimus.com/pricing>). After that, your account will be charged once a day as payment for your use of the service. You can suspend the use of the system and payments by deactivating your service plan, but you should note that in this case the API will also be deactivated.

Authorization

The Protectimus API is only accessible to authorized users. Our solution uses Basic authentication. The login (username) of the administrator that submits a request is used as the username, and an authentication token is used as the password.

An authentication token is the hash of a string that consists of the following elements: `<ApiKey>:<YYYYMMDD>:<HH>`, where:

- *ApiKey* is an API key, which is unique for each administrator; it is provided and may be changed on the profile management page <https://service.protectimus.com/profile>
- *YYYYMMDD* is the current date in the specified format
- *HH* is the UTC time in the HH format (only hours in the 24-hour format, without minutes or seconds)

Example: The administrator's profile contains the following information:
ApiKey - MySecureApiKey; Date - 30 January 2014; Time - 17:42 (UTC).

String for hash: `MySecureApiKey:20140130:17`

Hash SHA256 for this text:

`62704fb3a9dcf7b5b3cf7bda6ac9d0b0aa37c6fce8d0fae6b466c91ba68894f5`

Request Submission

The protocol for transmitting all requests to the Protectimus API is HTTPS.

¹ Currently (as of the date of this document), there are customers that require Java, Python, and PHP

Request Format:

```
<HTTP-method>  
https://service.protectimus.com/multipass-web-api/v<API_version>/<API_section>/<API_method>.<response_format>
```

The parameters specified above have the following values:

- <HTTP-method> is the method typical for the current request.
- <API_version> is the API version that you want to use. Currently, only the first version is available; therefore, this part of the request will look like this: “v1”.
- <API_section> is the section to which the method you are calling belongs. The following sections are available: auth-service, resource-service, token-service, and user-service. The API methods’ descriptions are divided into the sections to which these methods belong.
- <API_method> is the method you are calling.
- <response_format> is the format in which you want to receive a response: XML or JSON. By default, XML is the selected format.

If an error occurs, the processing of a request is terminated, and an error message is returned. A list of errors and descriptions of errors are given in the Error Message section. Most of the actions available through the API are available in the service through our graphical user interface (GUI). Familiarizing yourself with it will help you to understand the principles of our system’s operation better.

API Methods' Descriptions

Obtaining General Information

This Section's URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/auth-service/
```

GET Balance

Obtain information on the current balance of funds in a customer's account. This information is accessible only to the superuser.

URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/auth-service/balance
```

Input Data

None.

Output Data

The current balance of funds in an account is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <balance>{customer_balance}</balance>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder": {
    "response": {
      "balance": "{customer_balance}"
    },
    "status": "OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
balance	Numeric	Current balance of funds in an account in USD

Authentication Process

This section of the API serves the purpose of authenticating users and tokens on your resources.

This Section's URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/auth-service/
```

Depending on the chosen model, a user may be authenticated with a static password, a one-time password, or both a static password and a one-time password. For a user or a token to be authenticated, this user or token has to be assigned to the requested resource (if both a user and a token are authenticated on a resource simultaneously, this user has to be assigned to this resource with this token).

Please note:

1. If a user or token is not authenticated successfully, the number of failed authentication attempts will be increased for this user. When the threshold number of failed attempts for the specified resource is exceeded, this user will be locked. A user can be unlocked through the web interface or the API (the edit user method).

If a user is authenticated successfully, the number of failed authentication attempts will be set at zero, if the threshold number of failed attempts for the specified resource is not exceeded, and if this user has not yet been locked.

2. The PROTECTIMUS SMS, PROTECTIMUS MAIL, PROTECTIMUS ULTRA, and PROTECTIMUS BOT tokens require that the *POST prepare* method should be called to prepare the authentication process. You can find more information about it in this method's description.

POST prepare

For some types of tokens, such as Protectimus SMS, Protectimus BOT, Protectimus MAIL, and Protectimus ULTRA, OATH_OCRA certain actions are required before a token can be authenticated. This method must be called for the SMS, MAIL, and BOT tokens for a one-time password to be sent to a user, and for the Protectimus ULTRA and OATH_OCRA tokens - to receive a challenge that a user will have to enter in a token to generate a password under the Challenge-Response algorithm. For other types of tokens, this method does not need to be called.

To specify token, which must be prepared for authentication you can use one of the following parameters: tokenId, userId or userLogin. But remember: to correctly determine token by the userId or userLogin, the token must be assigned on the resource with the user.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/auth-service/prepare>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
resourceId	Yes, if the resourceName parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the resource on which the token needs to be prepared for authentication
resourceName	Yes, if the resourceId parameter is not specified	The name of the resource on which the token needs to be prepared for authentication
tokenId	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the token that needs to be prepared for authentication
userId	Yes, if the tokenId or userLogin parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the user whose token needs to be prepared for authentication. The token must be assigned with the user on the resource to use this parameter.
userLogin	Yes, if the userId or tokenId parameter is not specified	The login of the user whose token needs to be prepared for authentication. The token must be assigned with the user on the resource to use this parameter.
templateIdOrName	No	The identifier (ID) or name of the template to be used for OTP delivery.
authType	No, OTP by default	The authentication type parameter is required to select the authentication method for PROTECTIMUS BOT token. Valid values: OTP, INTERACTIVE.
message	Yes, if the authType parameter value is INTERACTIVE	Message to be displayed during INTERACTIVE authentication

Output Data

A question string (challenge) for a Protectimus ULTRA token, or the successful transaction completion message for Protectimus MAIL, BOT, and SMS tokens is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <challenge>{challenge_for_CR_token}</challenge>
    <tokenName>{token_name}</tokenName>
    <tokenType>{token_type}</tokenType>
    <authId>{authentication_identifier}</authId>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder" : {
    "response" : {
      "challenge" : {challenge_for_CR_token},
      "tokenName": "{token_name}",
      "tokenType": "{token_type}",
      "authId": "{authentication_identifier}"
    },
    "status" : "OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
challenge	Numeric	A number that a user has to enter in a token based on which this token will generate a response.
tokenName	String	The name of the token prepared for authentication.
tokenType	String	The type of token prepared for authentication.
authId	String	An authentication ID is required to match the user with the authentication result. This parameter is used for INTERACTIVE PROTECTIMUS BOT authentication.

Please note:

- The specified token to be prepared may be of a type that does not require this action. This method is only required for the PROTECTIMUS SMS, BOT, MAIL, and ULTRA tokens. If it is called for a different type of token, the 6001 error code is returned, which means that a parameter is specified incorrectly.
- The challenge parameter in the answer appears only for the Protectimus ULTRA token.
- The specified token may not be assigned to the specified resource, in which case the 5002 error code with a problem's description is returned.

- The authId parameter in the output data is characteristic only for the PROTECTIMUS BOT token with INTERACTIVE authentication.

POST prepare-user

This method allows you to quickly prepare the user for authentication on the specified resource, namely:

1. The user is created (in case of its absence).
2. An SMS or MAIL token is created.
3. The token with the user are assigned to the specified resource.
4. An OTP is sent to the user.

This method is used only for PROTECTIMUS SMS and PROTECTIMUS MAIL tokens!

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/auth-service/prepare-user>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
resourceId	Yes, if the resourceName parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the resource on which the token needs to be prepared for authentication
resourceName	Yes, if the resourceId parameter is not specified	The name of the resource on which the token needs to be prepared for authentication
userLogin	Yes	The login (username) of the user.
emailOrPhoneNumber	Yes	Email or phone number used for OTP delivery.
templateIdOrName	No	Template identifier (ID) used. Identifier (ID) or name of the template to be used to send OTP.

Output Data

A successful transaction completion message for Protectimus MAIL and SMS tokens is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <tokenType>{token_type}</tokenType>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder" : {
    "response" : {
      "tokenType": "{token_type}"
    }
  }
}
```

```
}  
  "status" : "OK"  
}  
}
```

Parameter Description:

Parameter	Type	Description
tokenName	String	The name of the token prepared for authentication.
tokenType	String	The type of token prepared for authentication.

POST authenticate/token

This method performs the function of authenticating the specified token on the specified resource.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/auth-service/authenticate/token>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
resourceId	Yes, if the resourceName parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the resource on which a token needs to be authenticated
resourceName	Yes, if the resourceId parameter is not specified	The name of the resource on which a token needs to be authenticated
tokenId	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the token that needs to be authenticated
otp	Yes	A one-time password entered by a user
ip	Partially	A user's IP address. It must be specified so as to perform verification with the geographic filter.

Output Data

The result "true" is returned if authentication is successful; the result "false" is returned if a token's authentication fails.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <result>{authentication_result}</result>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder" : {
    "response" : {
      "result" : {authentication_result}
    },
    "status" : "OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
result	Logical	The result of a token's authentication on the specified resource

Please note:

- The token undergoing authentication must be assigned to the specified resource independently or with the user.

POST authenticate/user-password

This method performs authentication of a user with a static password on the specified resource. To authenticate a user using this method, this user has to be assigned to the specified resource, and this user has to have an assigned password with which this user will be authenticated.

URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/auth-service/authenticate/user-password
```

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
resourceId	Yes, if the resourceName parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the resource on which a user needs to be authenticated
resourceName	Yes, if the resourceId parameter is not specified	The name of the resource on which a user needs to be authenticated
userId	Yes, if the userLogin parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the user that needs to be authenticated
userLogin	Yes, if the userId parameter is not specified	The login (username) of the user that needs to be authenticated
pwd	Yes	A password entered by a user
ip	Partially	A user's IP address. It must be specified so as to perform verification with the geographic filter.

Output Data

The result "true" is returned if authentication is successful; the result "false" is returned if a user's authentication fails.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <result>{authentication_result}</result>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder" : {
    "response" : {
      "result" : {authentication_result}
    },
    "status" : "OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
result	Logical	The result of a user's authentication with a password on the specified resource

Please note:

- The user undergoing authentication must be assigned to the specified resource.
- The user undergoing authentication must have a password in the system.

If the conditions described above are not satisfied, you will receive the 5002 error code with the description of the problem that occurred.

POST authenticate/user-token

This method performs authentication of a user with a one-time password on the specified resource. This user has to have a token, and both this user and this token have to be assigned to the specified resource.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/auth-service/authenticate/user-token>

Input Data

Parameters	Mandatory Parameter	Description
resourceId	Yes, if the resourceName parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the resource on which a user needs to be authenticated
resourceName	Yes, if the resourceId parameter is not specified	The name of the resource on which a user needs to be authenticated
userId	Yes, if the userLogin parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the user that needs to be authenticated
userLogin	Yes, if the userId parameter is not specified	The login (username) of the user that needs to be authenticated
otp	Yes	A one-time password entered by a user
ip	Partially	A user's IP address. It must be specified so as to perform verification with the geographic filter.

Output Data

The result “true” is returned if authentication is successful; the result “false” is returned if a user's authentication fails.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <result>{authentication_result}</result>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder" : {
    "response" : {
      "result" : {authentication_result}
    },
    "status" : "OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
result	Logical	The result of a user's authentication with a token on the specified resource

Please note:

- The user undergoing authentication must have a token.
- The user undergoing authentication must be assigned to the specified resource with the token.

If the conditions described above are not satisfied, you will receive the 5002 error code with the description of the problem that occurred.

POST authenticate/user-password-token

This method performs authentication of a user with a static and one-time password on the specified resource. This user and this token have to be assigned to the specified resource, and there has to be a static password assigned to this user. If this user's token is deactivated, the OTP authentication will not be performed; in this case, only this user's static password will be authenticated, and whether or not this user meets the filter parameters, if any.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/auth-service/authenticate/user-password-token>

Input Data

Parameters	Mandatory Parameter	Description
resourceId	Yes, if the resourceName parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the resource on which a user needs to be authenticated
resourceName	Yes, if the resourceId parameter is not specified	The name of the resource on which a user needs to be authenticated
userId	Yes, if the userLogin parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the user that needs to be authenticated
userLogin	Yes, if the userId parameter is not specified	The login (username) of the user that needs to be authenticated
otp	Yes	A one-time password entered by a user
pwd	Yes	The password entered by a user
ip	Partially	A user's IP address. It must be specified so as to perform verification with the geographic filter.

Output Data

The result "true" is returned if authentication is successful; the result "false" is returned if a user's authentication fails.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <result>{authentication_result}</result>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder" : {
    "response" : {
      "result" : {authentication_result}
    },
    "status" : "OK"
  }
}
```

```
}  
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
result	Logical	The result of a user's authentication with a token and a password on the specified resource

Please note:

- The user undergoing authentication must have an assigned token and a static password.
- The user undergoing authentication must be assigned with a token to the specified resource.

If the conditions described above are not satisfied, you will receive the 5002 error code with the description of the problem that occurred.

Managing Resources (Projects)

A resource serves as a means to group users and provides flexible possibilities for delegating authorities and responsibilities. A resource may be a web project, a portal, an application, or a department of your employees. The chief system administrator may add other administrators to the system and assign them to specific resources. Such regular administrators may only perform actions within a resource to which they are assigned, but they may see all users and all tokens existing in the system, regardless of whether or not they are assigned to the resources under this administrator's management.

This Section's URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/resources>

GET resources

This method allows you to obtain a list of your resources (up to 10 elements starting from the specified offset). By default, the offset is set at zero.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/resources>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
start	No	The offset from which a list of resources should start. By default, the offset is set at 0.

Output Data

A list of an authorized user's resources is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <resources>
      <resource>
        <creatorId>{resource_creator_identifier}</creatorId>
        <creatorUsername>{resource_creator_username}</creatorUsername>
        <failedAttemptsBeforeLock>
          {number_of_failed_authentication_attempts_before_locking}
        </failedAttemptsBeforeLock>
        <id>{resource_identifier}</id>
        <name>{resource_name}</name>
      </resource>
      . . .
    </resources>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder":
  {
    "response":
    {
      "resources":
      [
        {
          "creatorId":{resource_creator_identifier},
          "creatorUsername":"{resource_creator_username}",
          "failedAttemptsBeforeLock":
            {number_of_failed_authentication_attempts_before_locking},
          "id":{resource_identifier},
          "name":"{resource_name}"
        }
      ]
    }
  }
}
```

```
        },  
        ...  
    ]  
    },  
    "status":"OK"  
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
creatorId	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the administrator that created the resource
creatorUsername	String	The login (username) of the administrator that created the resource
failedAttemptsBeforeLock	Numeric	The number of failed authentication attempts, which, if exceeded, results in a user's being blocked.
id	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the resource
name	String	The name of the resource

Please Note:

- You may erroneously specify an offset that exceeds the number of a customer's resources. In this case, an empty search result is returned.

GET resources/quantity

This method allows you to obtain information on the number of resources assigned to an administrator that submits a request.

URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/resources/quantity
```

Input Data

None.

Output Data

The number of an authorized user's resources (projects) is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <quantity>{quantity_of_resources}</quantity>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder": {
    "response": {
      "quantity": {quantity_of_resources}
    },
    "status": "OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
quantity	Numeric	The number of an authorized user's resources

POST resources

This method allows you to create a new resource (project)

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/resources>

Input data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
resourceName	Yes	The name of the resource created
failedAttemptsBeforeLock	No	The number of failed authentication attempts, which, if exceeded, results in a user's being blocked. The value of this parameter should be specified between 3 and 10. If this parameter is not specified, by default, it will be set at 5 attempts.

Output Data

The identifier (ID) of the resource created is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <id>{resource_identifier}</id>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder" : {
    "response" : {
      "id" : {resource_identifier}
    },
    "status" : "OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
id	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the resource created

Please note:

- The number of resources (projects) that you may create depends on the service plan you select. If you need to create more resources, please select the desired or required number of resources by customizing your service plan.

GET resources/{id}

This method allows you to obtain information on a customer's specific resource.

URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/resources/{id}
```

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the resource on which information needs to be obtained

Output Data

Information on the specified customer's resource is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <resource>
      <creatorId>{resource_creator_identifier}</creatorId>
      <creatorUsername>{resource_creator_username}</creatorUsername>
      <failedAttemptsBeforeLock>
        {number_of_failed_authentication_attempts_before_locking}
      </failedAttemptsBeforeLock>
      <id>{resource_identifier}</id>
      <name>{resource_name}</name>
    </resource>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder":
  {
    "response":
    {
      "resource":
      [
        {
          "creatorId":{resource_creator_identifier},
          "creatorUsername":"{resource_creator_username}",
          "failedAttemptsBeforeLock":{number_of_failed_authentication_attempts_before_locking},
          "id":{resource_identifier},
          "name":"{resource_name}"
        }
      ]
    },
    "status":"OK"
  }
}
```

```
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
creatorId	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the administrator that created the resource
creatorUsername	String	The login (username) of the administrator that created the resource
failedAttemptsBeforeLock	Numeric	The number of unsuccessful authentication attempts, which if exceeded results in a user's being blocked.
id	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the resource
name	String	The name of the resource

Please note:

- You may erroneously specify an incorrect identifier (ID) or the identifier (ID) of a resource that you are not assigned to. In this case, you will receive an error message.

PUT resources/{id}

This method allows you to edit information on your resource (project).

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/resources/{id}>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	Yes, if old name of resource is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the resource which information you want to change
resourceName	Yes, if ID is not specified, or if resource name needs to be changed	The resource's old or new name. If the resource's identifier is not specified, search will be performed with the specified name. To change the name of a resource, specify its identifier (ID) and submit the new name in this parameter.
failedAttemptsBeforeLock	No	The number of a user's failed authentication attempts, which, if exceeded, results in a user's being blocked. The permissible range of values: from 3 to 10. If this parameter is not specified, it will remain unchanged for this resource.

Output Data

Information on the resource edited is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <resource>
      <creatorId>{creator_identifier}</creatorId>
      <creatorUsername>{creator_username}</creatorUsername>
      <failedAttemptsBeforeLock>
        {new_failed_authentication_attempts_limit}
      </failedAttemptsBeforeLock>
      <id>{resource_identifier}</id>
      <name>{new_resource_name}</name>
    </resource>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder" : {
    "response" : {
      "resource" : {
        "creatorId" : {creator_identifier},
        "creatorUsername" : "{creator_username}",
```

```
{
  "failedAttemptsBeforeLock" : {new_failed_authentication_attempts_limit},
  "id" : {resource_identifier},
  "name" : "{new_resource_name}"
}
},
"status" : "OK"
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
creatorId	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the administrator who created the resource
creatorUsername	String	The login (username) of the administrator who created the resource
failedAttemptsBeforeLock	Numeric	The number of failed authentication attempts, which, if exceeded, results in a user's being blocked.
id	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the resource
name	String	The name of the resource

Please note:

- You may erroneously specify an incorrect identifier (ID) of a resource, which will result in making changes in the information on another one of your resources.

DELETE resources/{id}

Deleting Your Resource

A resource may be deleted only by the administrator who created it or by the chief system administrator.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/resources/{id}>

Input data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the resource deleted

Output Data

Information on the resource deleted is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <resource>
      <creatorId>{creator_identifier}</creatorId>
      <creatorUsername>{creator_username}</creatorUsername>
      <failedAttemptsBeforeLock>
        {failed_authentication_attempts_limit}
      </failedAttemptsBeforeLock>
      <id>{resource_identifier}</id>
      <name>{resource_name}</name>
    </resource>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder" : {
    "response" : {
      "resource" : {
        "creatorId" : {creator_identifier},
        "creatorUsername" : "{creator_username}",
        "failedAttemptsBeforeLock" : {failed_authentication_attempts_limit},
        "id" : {resource_identifier},
        "name" : "{resource_name}"
      }
    },
    "status" : "OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
creatorId	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the administrator who created the resource
creatorUsername	String	The login (username) of the administrator who created the resource
failedAttemptsBeforeLock	Numeric	The number of unsuccessful authentication attempts, which if exceeded results in a user's being blocked.
id	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the resource
name	String	The name of the resource

Please note:

- You may not be authorized to delete a resource, if you are not the creator of this resource or the chief system administrator.

GET resources/{id}/webhook

Use this method to get current webhook status by given resource id.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/resources/{id}/webhook>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the resource

Output Data

Information about the status of webhook specified in the customer's resource.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <url>{url}</url>
    <isWebhookCertified>false</isWebhookCertified>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder": {
    "response": {
      "url": "{url}",
      "isWebhookCertified": false
    },
    "status": "OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
url	String	Webhook URL specified for the resource. Webhook URL may be empty if webhook is not set up.
isWebhookCertified	Logical	True, if a custom certificate was provided for webhook certificate checks.

Please note:

- You may erroneously specify an incorrect identifier (ID) of a resource or identifier (ID) of the resource that does not belong to you. In this case, you will get an error message.

PUT resources/{id}/webhook

This method allows you to create or replace webhook by given resource id.

Whenever there is an update for the resources, we will send a POST request containing a JSON update (an example is shown below) to the specified url. In case of an unsuccessful request, we will give up only after a reasonable amount of attempts.

Currently, webhook is used to receive the result of INTERACTIVE authentications. INTERACTIVE authentications are supported by PROTECTIMUS BOT token. An alternative approach to receive updates is to use [GET resources/{id}/updates](#) method that works through *long polling*.

URL:

`https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/resources/{id}/webhook`

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the resource
url	Yes	HTTPS url to send updates to.
certificate	No	Upload your public key certificate so that the root certificate in use can be checked. The public key certificate certifies the belonging of the public key to the indicated webhook. The certificate supplied should be PEM encoded (ASCII BASE64), The pem file must contain only the public key beginning with "-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----- " and end with "----- END CERTIFICATE -----"

Output Data

A successful operation completion message or standard error message is returned.

Output Data Structure for update notification JSON Format:

```
{
  "update": {
    "authentication": {
      "id": {authentication_identifier},
      "hash": {hash},
      "date": {date_in_Unix},
      "accepted": true
    }
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	String	Authentication identifier (ID) required to match authentication results with the user.
hash	String	Hash is required to verify the integrity of the incoming data. The hash is generated from further elements: <code><id>:<date>:<accepted>:<ApiKey></code> , using SHA256 algorithm.
date	Number	Authentication date (Unix-time).
accepted	Logical	Authentication result.

Please note:

- *ApiKey* is an API key, which is unique for each administrator; it is provided and may be changed on the profile management page <https://service.protectimus.com/profile>
- You may erroneously specify an incorrect identifier (ID) or an identifier (ID) of a resource that doesn't belong to you. In this case, you will get an error message.

DELETE resources/{id}/webhook

This method allows you to delete webhook by given resource id.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/resources/{id}/webhook>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	Yes	Identifier (ID) of the resource.

Output Data

A successful operation completion message or standard error message is returned.

Please note:

- You may erroneously specify an incorrect identifier (ID) or an identifier (ID) of a resource that doesn't belong to you. In this case, you will get an error message.

GET resources/{id}/updates

This method allows you to receive event notifications associated with the specified resource.

So far, only the delivery of events on the results of INTERACTIVE authentication has been implemented. Interactive authentication is supported by the PROTECTIMUS_BOT token.

The method uses a *long polling* mechanism that allows handling notifications without specifying a webhook using the [PUT resources/{id}/webhook](#) method.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/resources/{id}/updates>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the resource

Output Data

Returns new events associated with the specified resource.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <updates>
      <update>
        <authentication>
          <id>{authentication_identifier}</id>
          <hash>{hash}</hash>
          <date>{date_in_Unix}</date>
          <accepted>{result}</accepted>
        </authentication>
      </update>
      ...
    </updates>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for update notification JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder": {
    "response": {
      "updates": [
        {
```

```
        "authentication": {
            "id": {authentication_identifier},
            "hash": {hash},
            "date": {date_in_Unix},
            "accepted": {result}
        },
        ...
    ],
    "status": "OK"
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	String	Authentication identifier (ID) is required to match authentication results with the user.
hash	String	Hash is required to verify the integrity of the incoming data. The hash is generated from further elements: <code><id>:<date>:<accepted>:<ApiKey></code> , using SHA256 algorithm.
date	Number	Authentication date (Unix-time).
accepted	Logical	Authentication result.

Please note:

- *ApiKey* is an API key, which is unique for each administrator; it is provided and may be changed on the profile management page <https://service.protectimus.com/profile>
- You may erroneously specify an incorrect identifier (ID) or an identifier (ID) of a resource that doesn't belong to you. In this case, you will get an error message.

POST assign/user

This method assigns a user with the specified identifier (ID) to the specified resource.

Use this method if you want to authenticate this user on a resource with only static passwords. If you want to verify both a static password and a dynamic (OTP) password, or only an OTP password, you need to assign a user together with a token to a resource (the assign/token-with-user method) or assign a token (the assign/token method).

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/assign/user>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
resourceId	Yes, if resourceName parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the resource to which a user needs to be assigned.
resourceName	Yes, if resourceId parameter is not specified	The name of the resource to which a user needs to be assigned.
userId	Yes, if userLogin parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the user that needs to be assigned to a resource.
userLogin	Yes, if userId parameter is not specified	The login of the user that needs to be assigned to a resource.

Output Data

None. (The response contains either a successful operation completion message or standard error messages.)

Please note:

- In this method, as well as in some other methods where it is allowed, to specify objects with which to work you can choose one of several parameters, which one is more convenient for you. For example, here, to specify a resource, you can pass the resource identifier resourceId or resource name resourceName, and to specify a user you can pass either the user identifier userId or their login, userLogin.

POST assign/token

This method assigns a token to a resource.

After the successful execution of this method, you will be able to authenticate an OTP from this token on a resource, without tying authentication to a specific user. Use this method if you do not want to store information on users in our system. But, in this case, you will only be able to authenticate an OTP (and a PIN, if assigned).

URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/assign/token
```

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
resourceId	Yes, if resourceName parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the resource to which a user needs to be assigned
resourceName	Yes, if resourceId parameter is not specified	The name of the resource to which a token needs to be assigned
tokenId	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the token that needs to be assigned to a resource

Output Data

A successful operation completion message is returned.

Please note:

Even if a token is assigned to a user, and this user is assigned to the same resource as this token, you will not be able to authenticate this user with an OTP on this resource unless you assigned this user to this resource WITH this token. To do that, use the assign/user-token method or perform the procedure for assigning a user with a token through the web interface.

POST assign/user-token

This method assigns a user and a token to a resource.

After the successful execution of this method, you will be able to authenticate a user on a resource with a one-time password or with a combination of a one-time password and a static password.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/assign/user-token>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
resourceId	Yes, if resourceName parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the resource to which a user with a token needs to be assigned
resourceName	Yes, if resourceId parameter is not specified	The name of the resource to which a user with token needs to be assigned
userId	Yes, if userLogin parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the user that needs to be assigned to a resource with a token
userLogin	Yes, if userId parameter is not specified	The login of the user that needs to be assigned to a resource with a token
tokenId	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the token that needs to be assigned to a resource with a user

Output Data

A successful operation completion message is returned.

Please note:

A user may have several tokens; but a token can only be assigned to one user.

POST assign/token-with-user

This method assigns a token to a resource with the user to which this token is assigned.

It performs the same operation as the assign/user-token method, but it does not required that the user's identifier (ID) be specified since it is the user to which this token is assigned.

URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/assign/token-with-user
```

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
resourceId	Yes, if resourceName parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of a resource
resourceName	Yes, if resourceId parameter is not specified	The name of the resource to which a token with user needs to be assigned
tokenId	Yes	The identifier (ID) of a token

Output Data

A successful operation completion message is returned.

Please note:

- For the successful execution of this method, a token must be assigned to a user.

POST unassign/user

This method unassigns a user from a resource.

After the successful execution of this method, this user will not be able to be authenticated on this resource.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/unassign/user>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
resourceId	Yes, if resourceName parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of a resource
resourceName	Yes, if resourceId parameter is not specified	The name of the resource
userId	Yes, if userLogin parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of a user
userLogin	Yes, if userId parameter is not specified	The login of the user

Output Data

A successful operation completion message is returned.

Please note:

- A user must be assigned to the specified resource.

POST unassign/token

This method unassigns a token from a resource. After the successful execution of this method, this token will not be able to be authenticated on this resource.

URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/unassign/token
```

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
resourceId	Yes, if resourceName parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of a resource
resourceName	Yes, if resourceId parameter is not specified	The name of the resource
tokenId	Yes	The identifier (ID) of a token

Output Data

A successful operation completion message is returned.

Please note:

- A token must be assigned to the specified resource.

POST unassign/token-with-user

This method unassigns a token from a resource together with the user to which this token is assigned.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/unassign/token-with-user>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
resourceId	Yes, if resourceName parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of a resource
resourceName	Yes, if resourceId parameter is not specified	The name of the resource
tokenId	Yes	The identifier (ID) of a token

Output Data

A successful operation completion message is returned.

Please note:

- A token and a user must be assigned to a resource.
- A token must be assigned to this user.

POST unassign/user-token

This method unassigns a user and a token from a resource.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/resource-service/unassign/user-token>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
resourceId	Yes, if resourceName parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of a resource
resourceName	Yes, if resourceId parameter is not specified	The name of the resource
userId	Yes, if userLogin parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of a user
UserLogin	Yes, if userId parameter is not specified	The login of the user
tokenId	Yes	The identifier (ID) of a token

Output Data

A successful operation completion message is returned.

Please note:

- For this method to be executed correctly, a user must be assigned to a resource with a token.

Managing Tokens

We divide all tokens into hardware (physical) tokens and software (virtual) tokens. This classification is based on the peculiarities of entering and using the secret key for a specific type of tokens. Software tokens include the following: Protectimus SMART, Google Authenticator, Protectimus SMS, Protectimus BOT, and MAIL tokens; all the remaining types of our tokens are hardware tokens.

The tokens provided in our system may be used not only by your users, but also by you or your administrators for protecting access to Protectimus. Therefore, a token assigned to an administrator may only be managed by the administrator to which it is assigned. For other tokens, the same approach applies as for all other objects in the system: any user can edit them, but only the creator or the chief system administrator can delete them.

If a user loses their token, but you want to provide urgent access to this user, you will only need to deactivate this token, in which case this token will not be involved in the user authentication process.

If an administrator loses a token, this administrator will need to use the backup access mechanism to verify this administrator's other authenticators. After that, a request for deactivating a token will be created. Only the chief system administrator or the technical support service will be able to satisfy this request.

Any tokens that work based on the standard OATH algorithms may be used in our system. It may be done by adding a universal token. Of course, in this case, you will need to have sufficient knowledge about your token. We support several types of popular tokens from other manufacturers, which significantly simplifies your task. We continually improve our service and expand the range of tokens that we support.

This Section's URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/token-service>

GET secret-key/google-authenticator

This method allows you to obtain the secret key for Google Authenticator, which will be used to generate an OTP. This one-time key is transmitted to the device and the server, after which operation this key should be known only to the token and the server which authenticates the OTP from this token.

URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/token-service/secret-key/google-authenticator
```

Input Data

None.

Output Data

The secret key for Google Authenticator is returned.

Output Data structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <key>{secret_key}</key>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder": {
    "response": {
      "key": "{secret_key}"
    },
    "status": "OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
key	String	The secret key required for Google Authenticator to create a token

GET secret-key/protectimus-smart

This method allows you to obtain the secret key required to create a Protectimus SMART token. This key is used to generate an OTP and must be transmitted as a one-time key to the device and the server at the token creation stage, after which operation it should only be known to these two parties. Also, this token contains the checksum so that a user cannot create a token with an invalid key on this user's device.

URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/token-service/secret-key/protectimus-smart
```

Input Data

None.

Output Data

The secret key that can be used to create a Protectimus SMART token is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <key>{secret_key}</key>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder": {
    "response": {
      "key": "{secret_key}"
    },
    "status": "OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
key	String	The secret key required to create a Protectimus SMART token

GET tokens

This method allows you to obtain a list of your tokens (10 elements starting from the specified offset).

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/token-service/tokens>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
start	No, default 0	The offset starting from which a list of 10 tokens will be obtained. By default, the offset is set at 0.
limit	No, default 10	Limitations on the number of returned results.
tokenName	No	The name of a token.
tokenType	No	The type of a token. Available values: PROTECTIMUS, PROTECTIMUS_SLIM, PROTECTIMUS_ULTRA, PROTECTIMUS_SMART, GOOGLE_AUTHENTICATOR, SAFENET_ETOKEN_PASS, YUBICO_OATH_MODE, UNIFY_OATH_TOKEN, SMS, MAIL, PROTECTIMUS_BOT
serialNumber	No	Serial number of the token. It is specified on the back of the device. Or it is the email address for the MAIL-token and the phone number for the SMS-token.
enabled	No	Indicates whether the token is enabled or disabled.
block	No	The status of the token blocking. Available values: NONE_BLOCKED, BLOCKED_BY_ADMIN, TOO_MANY_OTP_FAILED_ATTEMPTS_BLOCKED, TOO_MANY_OTP_FAILED_SYNCHRONIZATION_ATTEMPTS_BLOCKED.
username	No	The name of a user.
resourceIds	No	The identifiers (IDs) of the resources to which the user is assigned. IDs must be separated with commas. For example: "2,3,5".
useBlankNames	No	If the value is <i>true</i> , only unnamed tokens will be displayed.

Output Data

A list of tokens with information on each token is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <tokens>
      <token>
        <apiSupport>{support_through_API}</apiSupport>
```

```

    <creatorId>{creator_identifier}</creatorId>
    <creatorUsername>{creator_username}</creatorUsername>
    <enabled>{enabled_or_disabled}</enabled>
    <id>{token_identifier}</id>
    <serialNumber>{token_serial_number}</serialNumber>
    <type>{token_type}</type>
    <counter>{counter}</counter>
  </token>
  . . .
</tokens>
</response>
<status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>

```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```

{
  "responseHolder": {
    "response": {
      "tokens":
        [
          {
            "apiSupport":{support_through_API},"creatorId":{creator_identifier},
            "creatorId":{creator_identifier},
            "creatorUsername":"{creator_username}","enabled":{enabled_or_disabled},
            "enabled":{enabled_or_disabled},
            "id":{token_identifier},"serialNumber":"{token_serial_number}",
            "serialNumber":"{token_serial_number}",
            "type":"{token_type}"
          },
          . . .
        ],
      "status":"OK"
    }
  }
}

```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
apiSupport	Logical	It shows whether or not a token supports authentication through the API. If this parameter's result is "false", a token cannot be authenticated through the API.
creatorId	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the administrator who created a token
creatorUsername	String	The username (login) of the administrator who created a token
enabled	Logical	It shows whether a token is enabled or disabled. If a token is disabled, any OTP transmitted will ALWAYS return a positive response. In other words, when a token

		is disabled, it is not involved in the authentication process, and the OTP is not verified (authenticated). It is useful when a user cannot use their token for any reason. To give this user access, you will simply need to disable this user's token.
id	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of a token
serialNumber	String	The serial number of a token. It is given on the back side of the device. Or, it is the email address for a Mail-token and the phone number for an SMS-token.
type	String (Enumeration)	The type of a token. The system offers the following types of tokens: PROTECTIMUS - hardware tokens Protectimus ONE PROTECTIMUS_SLIM - hardware tokens SLIM PROTECTIMUS_ULTRA - tokens that work based on Challenge-Response algorithm PROTECTIMUS_SMART - tokens that are installed on Android or iOS mobile devices. GOOGLE_AUTHENTICATOR - a token from Google for mobile devices SAFENET_ETOKEN_PASS - a token from SafeNet YUBICO_OATH_MODE - a token from Yubico UNIFY_OATH_TOKEN - a universal token that works based on the OATH standards SMS - delivery of one-time passwords via SMS MAIL - delivery of one-time passwords via email PROTECTIMUS_BOT - delivery of one-time passwords via BOT

Please note:

- When the specified offset exceeds the number of tokens, an empty search result is returned.

GET tokens/quantity

This method allows you to obtain information on the number of your tokens.

URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/token-service/tokens/quantity
```

Input Data

None.

Output Data

A customer's number of tokens is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <quantity>{quantity_of_tokens}</quantity>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder":{
    "response":{
      "quantity": {quantity_of_tokens}
    },
    "status":"OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Descriptions
quantity	Numeric	A customer's number of tokens

POST tokens/unify

This method allows you to add a universal token in the absence of suitable ready-made options.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/token-service/tokens/unify>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
userId *	No	The identifier (ID) of the user to which the token you are creating should be assigned
userLogin *	No	The login (username) of the user to which the token you are creating should be assigned
unifyType	Yes	Specifies the type of a unify token: OATH_HOTP (Event-Based), OATH_TOTP (Time-Based), OATH_OCRA (Challenge-Response)
unifyKeyAlgo	Yes	A cryptographic hashing algorithm used to generate OTP. Available values: SHA1, SHA256, SHA512
unifyKeyFormat		Secret key format. Available values: HEX, BASE32, BASE64
serial	Yes	The serial number of a token. It serves the purpose of identifying a token in the outside world. This parameter may be any unique string. The serial number of a hardware token is usually given on the back side of the device.
name	No	The name of a token.
secret	Yes	The secret key of a token. Must be represented by the string in Base32. If there is no pre-installed secret key you can generate a secret key using the following methods: secret-key/google-authenticator and secret-key/protectimus-smart
otp	Yes	A one-time password from this token.
otpLength	Yes, for token Protectimus SMART	The length of the one-time password received. The permissible length is 6 or 8 characters.
pin	No	A PIN-code that a user has to enter in the input field together with a one-time password. This password and the PIN should be entered as one string without spaces or any other characters between them. The position of the PIN is determined by the pinOtpFormat parameter. The length of a PIN-code should be 4 characters.

pinOtpFormat	Yes, if the pin parameter is set	The format of a PIN-code. It determines the position of a PIN code in the input field: before a one-time password or after it. Permissible format types: PIN_BEFORE_OTP and PIN_AFTER_OTP.
counter	No	The counter of the token.
challenge	Yes, if unifyType = OATH_OCRA	The number-challenge that the user must enter in the token, on the basis of which the OCRA token generates a response.

* The *userId* and *userLogin* parameters identify the user to which a token should be assigned. The user search is performed by only one of these two parameters. At first, the *userId* parameter is used to perform user search, and if a user is not found - the *userLogin* parameter is used. Consequently, if you specify the identifier (ID) of one user, and the login (username) of another user, a token will be assigned to the user whose ID you specify. These parameters are not mandatory; if they are not specified, the token will not be assigned to any user. The token can be assigned to a user at any time using the relevant methods from this section.

Output Data

The Identifier (ID) of the token created is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <id>{token_identifier}</id>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder": {
    "response": {
      "id": {token_identifier}
    },
    "status": "OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
id	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the token created

Please note:

- Your service plan may not allow you to add more entities.

POST tokens/software

This method allows you to create a software token.

The following types are software tokens: Protectimus SMART, Google Authenticator, as well as BOT, SMS, and MAIL tokens.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/token-service/tokens/software>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
userId *	No	The identifier (ID) of the user to which the token you are creating should be assigned.
userLogin *	No	The login (username) of the user to which the token you are creating should be assigned.
type	Yes	Specifies the type of a token. This method applies only to software tokens: PROTECTIMUS_SMART GOOGLE_AUTHENTICATOR, SMS, MAIL, PROTECTIMUS_BOT
serial	Yes	The serial number of a token. It serves the purpose of identifying a token in the outside world. For an SMS-token, it is a phone number; for a MAIL-token it is an email address. For all other types of tokens, this parameter may be any unique string.
name	No	The name of a token.
secret	Yes	The secret key of a token. It should be in the format of a Base32 string. For Google Authenticator tokens, the length of a string should be at least 16 characters. For Protectimus SMART tokens, the length of the key should be 18 characters. The secret key for these types of tokens can be obtained using the following methods: <i>secret-key/google-authenticator</i> and <i>secret-key/protectimus-smart</i> Important! For SMS and MAIL tokens, the secret parameter should be equivalent to the value of the otp parameter.
otp	Yes	A one-time password from this token. When creating an SMS or a MAIL token, this parameter should be the same as the <i>secret</i> parameter. At this stage, a user will NOT receive a one-time password, and you will not be able to verify whether this user specified a valid number. To do that, you need to create an SMS or a MAIL token using this method specifying the same random string as the <i>secret</i> and <i>otp</i> parameter; after that, you need to call the <i>prepare</i> method to send the password and authenticate this password using one of the authentication methods in the <i>auth-service</i> section. Other types of tokens allow you to receive a one-time password immediately. This one-time password should be specified as this parameter.

otpLength	Yes, for a Protectimus SMART token	The length of the one-time password received. The permissible length is 6 or 8 characters.
keyType	Yes, for a Protectimus SMART token	The mode in which a one-time password is generated. Permissible types: TOTP, HOTP. TOTP - time-based OTP generation HOTP - counter-based OTP generation
pin	No	A PIN-code that a user has to enter in the input field, together with a one-time password. This password and the PIN should be entered as one string without spaces or any other characters between them. The position of the PIN is determined by the pinOtpFormat parameter. The length of a PIN-code is 4 characters.
pinOtpFormat	Yes, if a pin is specified	The format of a PIN-code. It determines the position of a PIN code in the input field: before a one-time password or after it. Permissible format types: PIN_BEFORE_OTP and PIN_AFTER_OTP.
botPlatform	Yes, for a PROTECTIMUS_BOT token	The name of the messenger. Available values: TELEGRAM, VIBER, FACEBOOK
botChatId	Yes, for a PROTECTIMUS_BOT token	The identifier (ID) of the chat in the messenger (can be obtained by contacting the appropriate chatbot)

* The *userId* and *userLogin* parameters identify the user to which a token needs to be assigned. User search is performed with the use of only one of these two parameters. First, the *userId* parameter is used to perform user search, and if a user is not found - the *userLogin* parameter is used. Consequently, if you specify the identifier (ID) of one user, and the login (username) of another user, a token will be assigned to the user whose ID you specify. These parameters are not mandatory; if they are not specified, a token will not be assigned to any user. A token can be assigned to a user at any time using the relevant methods from this section.

Output Data

The Identifier (ID) of the token created is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <id>{token_identifier}</id>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder" : {
    "response" : {
      "id" : {token_identifier}
    },
    "status" : "OK"
  }
}
```

```
}  
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
id	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the token created

Please note:

- Your service plan may not allow you to add more entities.

POST tokens/hardware

This method allows you to create a hardware token.

The following types are hardware tokens: PROTECTIMUS, PROTECTIMUS_SLIM, SAFENET_ETOKEN_PASS, PROTECTIMUS_ULTRA, and YUBICO_OATH_MODE.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/token-service/tokens/hardware>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
userId *	No	The identifier (ID) of the user to which the token created should be assigned
userLogin *	No	The login (username) of the user to which the token created should be assigned
type	Yes	It specifies the type of a token. This method applies only to hardware tokens: PROTECTIMUS - tokens Protectimus ONE PROTECTIMUS_SLIM - tokens Protectimus SLIM PROTECTIMUS_ULTRA - tokens Protectimus that work based on the Challenge-Response algorithm YUBICO_OATH_MODE - tokens Yubico that work based on the OATH standards SAFENET_ETOKEN_PASS - tokens SafeNet that work based on the HOTP algorithm
serial	Yes	The serial number of a token. It is usually given on the back side of a device.
secret	Yes, if a token is not ordered from Protectimus	The secret key of a token. This key is embedded into a token and used to generate a one-time password; it should not be known to any party except the token and the server from which an OTP will be authenticated. If tokens are ordered from Protectimus, we will service the keys ourselves in the strictest confidentiality, and you will not need to specify this parameter.
name	No	The name of a token
otp	Yes	The one-time password from a token. It is required to confirm that a token exists. For SAFENET_ETOKEN_PASS tokens, you need to specify two OTP's separated by a comma; for example: "147852,963258". This is necessary to determine the counter's offset.
existed	Yes	It shows whether or not you create an existing token (ordered from Protectimus). Permissible values: "true" or "false".
pin	No	A PIN-code that a user has to enter in the input field, together with a one-time password. This password and the PIN should be entered as one string without spaces or any other characters between them.

		The position of a PIN-code is determined by the pinOtpFormat parameter. The length of a PIN-code is 4 characters.
pinOtpFormat	Yes, if the pin parameter is specified	The format of a PIN-code. It determines the position of a PIN code in the input field: before a one-time password or after it. Permissible format types: PIN_BEFORE_OTP and PIN_AFTER_OTP.

* The *userId* and *userLogin* parameters identify the user to which a token needs to be assigned. User search is performed with the use of only one of these two parameters. First, the *userId* parameter is used to perform user search, and if a user is not found - the *userLogin* parameter is used. Consequently, if you specify the identifier (ID) of one user, and the login (username) of another user, a token will be assigned to the user whose ID you specify. These parameters are not mandatory; if they are not specified, a token will not be assigned to any user. A token can be assigned to a user at any time using the relevant methods from this section.

Output Data

The Identifier (ID) of the token created is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <id>{token_identifier}</id>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder" : {
    "response" : {
      "id" : {token_identifier}
    },
    "status" : "OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
id	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the token created

Please note:

- You may specify a token's secret key in an incorrect format, which will result in the inability to generate the correct OTP on the server and authenticate this token.
- The otp parameter for tokens that work based on the HOTP algorithm should include two consecutive values separated by a comma so that Protectimus can determine the position of the counter.

GET tokens/{id}

This method allows you to obtain information on your token.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/token-service/tokens/{id}>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	Yes	The identifier (ID) of a token

Output Data

Information on a token is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <token>
      <apiSupport>{support_through_API}</apiSupport>
      <creatorId>{creator_identifier}</creatorId>
      <creatorUsername>{creator_username}</creatorUsername>
      <enabled>{token_enabled_or_not}</enabled>
      <id>{token_identifier}</id>
      <name>{token_name}</name>
      <serialNumber>{serial_number}</serialNumber>
      <type>{token_type}</type>
    </token>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder":{
    "response":{
      "token":{
        "apiSupport":{support_through_API}, "creatorId":{creator_identifier},
        "creatorUsername":"{creator_username}", "enabled":{token_enabled_or_not},
        "id":{token_identifier},"name":{token_name},"serialNumber":{serial_number},
        "type":"{token_type}"
      }
    },
    "status":"OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
apiSupport	Logical	It shows whether or not a token supports authentication through the API. If this parameter's result is "false", a token cannot be authenticated through the API.
creatorId	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the administrator that created a token
creatorUsername	String	The username (login) of the administrator that created a token
enabled	Logical	It shows whether a token is enabled or disabled. If a token is disabled, any OTP transmitted will ALWAYS return a positive response. In other words, when a token is disabled, it is not involved in the authentication process, and the OTP is not verified (authenticated). It is useful when a user cannot use its token for any reason. To give this user access, you will simply need to disable this user's token.
id	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of a token
name	String	The name of a token
serialNumber	String	The serial number of a token. It is given on the back side of the device. Or, it is the email address for a Mail-token and the phone number for an SMS-token.
type	String (Enumeration)	The type of a token. You will find the description of token types in the methods for creating software and hardware tokens.

PUT tokens/{id}

This method allows you to edit information on a token.

Please note: you cannot edit any information on a token that is assigned to another administrator.

URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/token-service/tokens/{id}
```

Input data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
name	No	The new name of a token
enabled *	No	Enabled or disabled token
apiSupport *	No	Support of authentication through the API

* These parameters are described in detail above in the sections on other API methods, for example, in the section on the *GET tokens/{id}* method.

Output Data

Information on the token edited is returned. The output data structure and parameter value is the same as those for the *GET tokens/{id}* method.

DELETE tokens/{id}

This method allows you to delete a token.

Please note: you cannot delete a token that is assigned to another administrator.

URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/token-service/tokens/{id}
```

Input data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	Yes	Identifier (ID) of the token being deleted.

Output Data

Information on the token deleted is returned. The output data structure and parameter value is the same as those for the *GET tokens/{id}* method.

POST tokens/{id}/unassign

This method allows you to unassign a token from a user.

URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/token-service/tokens/{id}/unassign
```

Input data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	Yes	Identifier (ID) of the token to be unassigned.

Output Data

A successful operation completion message or standard error messages are returned.

POST tokens/sign-transaction

This method is used to generate a digital signature on data.

This feature allows you to ensure control over the integrity of the data signed and protection against any data modification or data falsification.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/token-service/tokens/sign-transaction>

Input data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
tokenId	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the token.
transactionData	Yes	Signature data.
hash	Yes	Hash that used to verify transactionData integrity. Hash has to be formed using HmacSHA256 algorithm with <ApiKey> as the key value.
templateIdOrName	No	Identifier (ID) or name of the template used to send signed data and OTP.

Output Data

Information required to verify signed data.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <id>{token_identifier}</id>
    <challenge>{challenge}</challenge>
    <tokenName>{token_name}</tokenName>
    <tokenType>{token_type}</tokenType>
    <transactionData>{signed_data}</transactionData>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder": {
    "response": {
      "id": {token_identifier},
      "challenge": {challenge},
      "tokenName": {token_name},
      "tokenType": {token_type},
      "transactionData": {signed_data}
    },
  },
}
```

```
{  
  "status": "OK"  
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
id	Number	Identifier (ID) of the token.
tokenName	String	Name of the token.
tokenType	String	Type of the token.
challenge	Number	Challenge based on the data being signed.
transactionData	String	Signed data in encrypted form.

Please note:

- *ApiKey* is an API key, which is unique for each administrator; it is provided and may be changed on the profile management page <https://service.protectimus.com/profile>
- To be able to verify information using Protectimus Smart, you have to generate a QR code of the following format :
transaction://challenge={challenge}&transactionData={signed_data}

POST tokens/verify-signed-transaction

This method is used to verify signed data.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/token-service/tokens/verify-signed-transaction>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
tokenId	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the token.
transactionData	Yes	The data to be signed.
hash	Yes	The transactionData hash is required to verify the integrity of the incoming data. The hash must be generated using the HmacSHA256 algorithm with <ApiKey> as the key value.
otp	Yes	OTP required to authenticate the signed data.

Output Data

The result of signed data verification.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <result>>false</result>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder": {
    "response": {
      "result": true
    },
    "status": "OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
id	Number	The identifier (ID) of the token.
challenge	Number	Challenge based on the data being signed.

tokenName	String	The name of the token.
tokenType	String	The type of the token.
transactionData	String	Signed information.

Please note:

- *ApiKey* is an API key, which is unique for each administrator; it is provided and may be changed on the profile management page <https://service.protectimus.com/profile>.

POST tokens/send-message-from-bot

This method allows you to send messages using bots.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/token-service/tokens/send-message-from-bot>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
tokenId	Yes, if the tokenName parameter is not specified	The identifier (ID) of the token that needs to be prepared for authentication
tokenName	Yes, if the tokenId parameter is not specified	The name of the token
message	Yes	A message that will be sent via chatbot

Output Data

A successful operation completion message or error message is returned.

Managing Users

This section is devoted to working with and managing users. You may store a certain set of data on your users in our system, but the key parameter is a user's login (username).

The system offers a user self-service mechanism. It is set up for every resource separately; it can be done in the Self-Service tab on the page containing a resource's detailed information.

GET users

This method allows you to obtain a list of users (10 items starting from the specified offset).

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/user-service/users>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
start	No, default 0	The offset starting from which the next 10 items (the number of items according to the <i>limit</i> parameter) should be returned.
limit	No, default 10	Limitation on the number of returned results.
block	No	User blocking status. Available values: NONE_BLOCKED, BLOCKED_BY_ADMIN, TOO_MANY_LOGIN_FAILED_ATTEMPTS_BLOCKED, TOO_MANY_OTP_FAILED_ATTEMPTS_BLOCKED, TOO_MANY_EMAIL_FAILED_ATTEMPTS_BLOCKED, TOO_MANY_PIN_FAILED_ATTEMPTS_BLOCKED
resourceIds	No	The identifiers (ID) of the resources to which the user is assigned. IDs must be separated by commas. For example: "2,3,5"
login	No	The login of a user.
email	No	The email address of a user.
firstName	No	The first name of a user.
secondName	No	The last name of a user.

Output data

A list of users is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <users>
      <user>
        <apiSupport>{support_through_API}</apiSupport>
        <creatorId>{creator_identifier}</creatorId>
        <creatorUsername>{creator_username}</creatorUsername>
        <email>{email_address}</email>
        <firstName>{user_name}</firstName>
        <secondName>{user_last_name}</secondName>
        <hasTokens>{has_assigned_tokens}</hasTokens>
        <id>{user_identifier}</id>
        <login>{login}</login>
        <phoneNumber>{user_phone_number}</phoneNumber>
      </user>
    </users>
  </response>
</responseHolder>
```

```

    . . .
  </users>
</response>
<status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>

```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```

{
  "responseHolder":{
    "response":{
      "users":[{
        "apiSupport":{support_through_API}, "creatorId":{creator_identifier},
        "creatorUsername": "{creator_username}", "email": "{email_address}",
        "hasTokens": {has_assigned_tokens}, "id": {user_identifier},
        "login": "{login}", "phoneNumber": "{user_phone_number}",
        "secondName": "{user_last_name}"
      },
        . . .
      ]
    },
    "status": "OK"
  }
}

```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
apiSupport	Logical	Support of authentication through the API. If this parameter's result is "false", a user cannot be authenticated through the API.
creatorId	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the creator.
creatorUsername	String	The username (login) of the creator.
email	String	Email address.
hasTokens	Logical	It shows whether a user has assigned tokens or not.
id	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of a user.
login	String	The username (login) of a user.
phoneNumber	String	The phone number of a user.
secondName	String	The last name of a user.

GET users/quantity

This method allows obtaining information on a customer's number of users.

URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/user-service/users/quantity
```

Input Data

None.

Output Data

A customer's number of users is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <quantity>{quantity_of_users}</quantity>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder":{
    "response":{
      "quantity":{quantity_of_users}
    },
    "status":"OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
quantity	Numeric	The number of a customer's users

POST users

This method allows you to add users.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/user-service/users>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
login	Yes	The username (login) of a user. It may only contain Latin characters, digits, and symbols: @ _ . - . The permissible length is from 5 to 30 characters. This field should be unique within your company's account. This parameter will be used to perform search when authenticating a user. You can also use a user's email address or phone number as this user's username (login), and decide whether or not you want to fill in the relevant parameters.
alias	No	You can specify aliases for use when your users log into different services with different login formats. For example, your user logs into Windows using login "Administrator" but logs into OWA with an userPrincipalName "administrator@doomain.com". By specifying "Administrator" as the user name in Protectimus service and "administrator@doomain.com" as an alias, this user may log into either service. All logins and aliases must be unique.
email	No	The email address of a user
phoneNumber	No	The phone number of a user. It should be entered in the international format.
password	No	The password of a user. You may transmit a password as plain text. You may also use any type of encryption, but it is necessary to ensure that the transmitted parameter is equivalent when creating and authenticating a user. This means that if a user enters the password "12345" during registration, and you apply an encryption algorithm to it and receive "aBcD", you will need to specify the password "aBcD" both when calling this method and when calling methods of authentication with a password. We will always use additional encryption for the parameter we receive and take all the necessary measures to ensure its security.
firstName	No	The first name of a user. The length of this field is from 1 to 50 characters.
secondName	No	The last name of a user. The length of this field is from 1 to 50 characters.

apiSupport	No	Support of authentication through the API. Permissible values: “true” or “false”. By default, this parameter’s result is set as “true”, i.e. a user can be authenticated through the API.
------------	----	---

Output Data

The identifier (ID) of the user created is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <id>{user_identifier}</id>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder" : {
    "response" : {
      "id" : {user_identifier}
    },
    "status" : "OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
id	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the created user

GET users/{id}

This method allows you to obtain information on a user.

URL:

`https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/user-service/users/{id}`

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the user whose information needs to be obtained

Output Data

The information on the requested user is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <user>
      <apiSupport>{support_through_API}</apiSupport>
      <creatorId>{creator_identifier}</creatorId>
      <creatorUsername>{creator_username}</creatorUsername>
      <email>{email_address}</email>
      <firstName>{user_first_name}</firstName>
      <secondName>{user_last_name}</secondName>
      <hasTokens>{has_assigned_tokens}</hasTokens>
      <id>{user_identifier}</id>
      <login>{login}</login>
      <alias>{alias}</alias>
      <phoneNumber>{user_phone_number}</phoneNumber>
    </user>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder":{
    "response":{
      "user":{
        "apiSupport":{support_through_API}, "creatorId":{creator_identifier},
        "creatorUsername":"{creator_username}", "email":"{email_address}",
        "hasTokens":{has_assigned_tokens}, "id":{user_identifier},
        "login":"{login}", "alias":"{alias}", "phoneNumber":"{user_phone_number}",
        "secondName":"{user_last_name}"
      }
    },
    "status":"OK"
  }
}
```

```
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
apiSupport	Logical	Support of authentication through the API. If this parameter's result is "false", a user cannot be authenticated through the API.
creatorId	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the creator
creatorUsername	String	The username (login) of the creator
email	String	Email address
hasTokens	Logical	It shows whether a user has assigned tokens or not.
id	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of a user
login	String	The username (login) of a user
alias	String	The alias of a user
phoneNumber	String	The phone number of a user
secondName	String	The last name of a user

PUT users/{id}

This method allows you to edit information on a user.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/user-service/users/{id}>

Input data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
login	Yes	The username (login) of a user. It may only contain Latin characters, digits, and symbols: @ _ . - . The permissible length is from 5 to 30 characters. This field should be unique within your company's account. This parameter will be used to perform search when authenticating a user. You can also use a user's email address or phone number as this user's username (login), and decide whether or not you want to fill in the relevant parameters.
alias	No	You can specify aliases for use when your users log into different services with different login formats. For example, your user logs into Windows using login "Administrator" but logs into OWA with a userPrincipalName "administrator@doomain.com". By specifying "Administrator" as the user name in Protectimus service and "administrator@doomain.com" as an alias, this user may log into either service. All logins and aliases must be unique.
email	No	The email address of a user
phoneNumber	No	The phone number of a user. It should be entered in the international format.
password	No	The password of a user. You may transmit a password as plain text. You may also use any type of encryption, but it is necessary to ensure that the transmitted parameter is equivalent when creating and authenticating a user. This means that if a user enters the password "12345" during registration, and you apply an encryption algorithm to it and receive "aBcD", you will need to specify the password "aBcD" both when calling this method and when calling methods of authentication with a password. We will always use additional encryption for the parameter we receive and take all the necessary measures to ensure its security.
firstName	No	The first name of a user. The length of this field is from 1 to 50 characters.
secondName	No	The last name of a user. The length of this field is from 1 to 50 characters.
apiSupport	No	Support of authentication through the API. Permissible values: "true" or "false". By default, this parameter's result is set as "true", i.e. a user can be authenticated through the API.

* The values of these parameters are the same as those for the *POST users* method.

Output Data

Edited information on a user is returned. The output data structure and parameter descriptions are the same as those for the *POST users* and *GET users/{id}* methods.

POST users/password

This method allows you to assign or edit a user's password in a secure format.

Most likely, user passwords are stored in your database as hashed data, and you do not know them. If you want to use these passwords for authenticating users through Protectimus, you need to use this method. You transmit a user's hashed password and the rules for password hashing so that Protectimus could perform the same conversion to get the same hash required for authentication.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/user-service/users/password>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	Yes, if login parameter is not specified	User's identifier for which a password needs to be set or changed.
login	Yes, if id parameter is not specified	User's login for which a password needs to be set or changed.
rawPassword	Yes	User's password hash in the HEX format.
rawSalt	No	Salt used for password hashing.
encodingType	Yes	Method used for password hashing. The following values are acceptable: PLAIN - password was not hashed and was provided as plain text; MD5 - MD5 algorithm was used SHA - SHA-1 algorithm was used SHA256 - SHA-256 algorithm was used
encodingFormat	Yes	Format of the hashed string (password and salt). During user authentication, Protectimus will replace the word "PASS" in this string with the password entered by the user, and the PLAIN_SALT word will be replaced with the salt transmitted by you via this method. The remaining characters will be kept intact. The resulting string will be converted with the encodingType algorithm and compared with the rawPassword for user authentication.

Output Data

Information on a user is returned. The output data structure and parameter descriptions are the same as those for the POST users and *GET users/{id}* methods.

DELETE users/{id}

This method allows you to delete a user.

Like other items in the system, a user may only be deleted by the administrator who created this user or by the chief system administrator.

URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/user-service/users/{id}
```

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the user deleted

Output Data

Information on the user deleted is returned. The response structure and parameter values are the same as those for the GET users/{id} method used for obtaining information on a user.

GET /users/{id}/tokens

This method allows you to obtain a list of a user's tokens (10 items starting from the specified offset).

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/user-service/users/{id}/tokens>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	Yes	The identifier (ID) of a user

Output Data

A list containing information on tokens assigned to the specified customer is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <tokens>
      <token>
        <apiSupport>{support_through_API}</apiSupport>
        <creatorId>{creator_identifier}</creatorId>
        <creatorUsername>{creator_username}</creatorUsername>
        <enabled>{enabled_or_disabled}</enabled>
        <id>{token_identifier}</id>
        <serialNumber>{token_serial_number}</serialNumber>
        <type>{token_type}</type>
      </token>
      . . .
    </tokens>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder": {
    "response": {
      "tokens": [
        {
          "apiSupport": {support_through_API}, "creatorId": {creator_identifier},
          "creatorUsername": "{creator_username}", "enabled": {enabled_or_disabled},
          "id": {token_identifier}, "serialNumber": "{token_serial_number}",
          "type": "{token_type}"
        },
        . . .
      ],
    },
  },
}
```

```
{
  "status": "OK"
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
apiSupport	Logical	It shows whether or not a token supports authentication through the API. If this parameter's result is "false", a token cannot be authenticated through the API.
creatorId	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of the administrator who created a token
creatorUsername	String	The username (login) of the administrator who created a token
enabled	Logical	It shows whether a token is enabled or disabled. If a token is disabled, any OTP transmitted will ALWAYS return a positive response. In other words, when a token is disabled, it is not involved in the authentication process, and the OTP is not verified (authenticated). It is useful when a user cannot use its token for any reason. To give this user access, you will simply need to disable this user's token.
id	Numeric	The identifier (ID) of a token
serialNumber	String	The serial number of a token. It is given on the back side of the device. Or, it is the email address for a Mail-token and the phone number for an SMS-token.
type	String (Enumeration)	The type of a token. You will find detailed descriptions of token types in the methods contained in the relevant section, for example, the <i>tokens/hardware</i> and <i>tokens/software</i> methods.

GET users/{id}/tokens/quantity

This method allows you to obtain information on the number of tokens assigned to a user.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/user-service/users/{id}/tokens/quantity>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
id	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the user whose number of tokens needs to be obtained

Output Data

The number of tokens assigned to a user is returned.

Output Data Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <response>
    <quantity>1</quantity>
  </response>
  <status>OK</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Output Data Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder" : {
    "response" : {
      "quantity" : 1
    },
    "status" : "OK"
  }
}
```

Parameter Description

Parameter	Type	Description
quantity	Numeric	The number of tokens assigned to the user with the specified identifier (ID)

POST users/{userId}/tokens/{tokenId}/assign

This method assigns a token to a user.

An unlimited number of tokens may be assigned to a user, but a token may only be assigned to one user.

URL:

```
https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/user-service/users/{userId}/tokens/{tokenId}/assign
```

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
userId	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the user to which a token needs to be assigned
tokenId	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the token which needs to be assigned to the specified user

Output Data

A successful operation completion message or standard error messages are returned.

POST users/{userId}/tokens/{tokenId}/unassign

This method unassigns a token from a user.

URL:

<https://api.protectimus.com/api/v1/user-service/users/{userId}/tokens/{tokenId}/unassign>

Input Data

Parameter	Mandatory Parameter	Description
userId	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the user from which a token needs to be unassigned
tokenId	Yes	The identifier (ID) of the token which needs to be unassigned from a user

Output Data

A successful operation completion message or a standard error message is returned.

Error Codes and Error Messages

Error Code	Description
1001	This entity already exists. This error occurs in two cases: 1. When you try to add an object with a unique field that already exists in the system. For example, when you try to add a user with a login that is already registered in the system. 2. When you try to perform an action that has already been performed. For example, when you try to assign a token to a user, but this token is already assigned to this or another user.
2001	Incorrect Parameter Length This error occurs when one or more of the parameters transmitted have incorrect length.
3001	Database Error.
4001	Unregistered Name.
5001	This error occurs when a parameter that is mandatory for the method called is not specified.
5002	This error occurs when: 1. The entity can not be found in the database. For example, when you request information on a user with an identifier that does not exist in the database. 2. There is no connection to perform the required action in the database. For example, when you want to authenticate a user on a resource, but this user is not assigned to this resource. Or, when you want to unassign a token from a resource, but this token was not assigned to this resource before. Or, when you want to assign a token to a resource with a user, but this token is not assigned to any user.
6001	This error occurs when an invalid parameter is transmitted. For example, a numeric parameter is expected, but the parameter transmitted contains extraneous characters.
6002	Incorrect URL Format
7001	Access Restriction This error occurs when you do not have the right to work with the requested object. The reason for this may be lack of access rights pertaining to this object, locking of your account for various reasons, etc.
8001	Internal Server Error
9001	Unknown Error

Error Message Structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>
  <error>
    <code>{error_code}</code>
    <message>{general_error_explanation_message}</message>
    <developersMessage>{message_with_technical_details}</developersMessage>
  </error>
  <status>FAILURE</status>
</responseHolder>
```

Error Message Structure for JSON Format:

```
{
  "responseHolder" : {
    "error" : {
      "code" : {error_code},
      "message" : "{general_error_explanation_message}"
      "developersMessage": "{message_with_technical_details}"
    },
    "status" : "FAILURE"
  }
}
```

Successful Operation Completion Messages

Successful operation completion messages structure for XML Format:

```
<responseHolder>  
  <status>OK</status>  
</responseHolder>
```

Successful operation completion messages structure for JSON Format:

```
{  
  "responseHolder" : {  
    "status" : "OK"  
  }  
}
```